

### **NEPAL**

# INDEX-BASED INSURANCE FOR FLOOD-PRONE COMMUNITIES IN KARNALI



Agriculture in Nepal, in particular, is highly fragile and sensitive to water-induced hazards, which cause flash floods and high monetary damages particularly in central and eastern parts of the lowland (Terai). To cover these losses, Nepal only has conventional indemnity-based insurance covering agricultural input costs. Poor, land-dependent and indigenous peoples living in flood-prone areas with few tangible assets and excluded from post-disaster government support, are left highly vulnerable. Thus, an index-based insurance product is being developed and piloted with two layers against floods to increase resilience against the effects of flood and in-land flood with the lowest possible basis risk. This project is implemented in tandem with the ongoing Flood Resilience Programme of Practical Action contributing to wider flood resilience-building efforts.



#### PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Target group

Target region

Insured asset

Insured peril / hazard

Insurance type

**Own contribution** 

Smallholder farmers cultivating paddy rice

Province 5 and Province 7, Western Nepal, Karnali

river basin

Agricultural production (yield losses)

Flood

Micro- and meso-scheme

Development of new index-based flood insurance solution

50 % (of total ISF project costs)



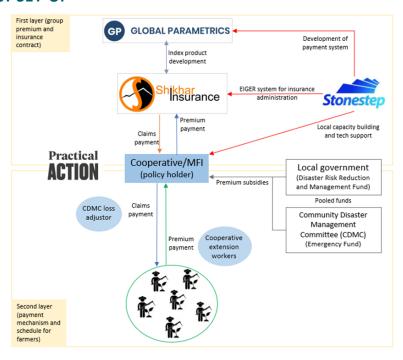


## PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED

- Household data collection
- Community resource and capacity analysis
- · Flood risk modelling
- Insurance product design
- Legal structuring
- Development of appropriate distribution channels
- IT solutions
- Capacity building and education
- Investment in infrastructure (i.e., simple flood gauges, automatic rainfall stations)



### **PROJECT SET-UP**





### **PROJECT PARTNERS**

**Demand Side** 

Supply Side

- Practical Action, UK / NGO
- Stonestep TFD Private Limited, Singapore / InsurTech
- Global Parametrics Limited, UK / Risk modelling
- Shikhar Insurance Company Limited, Nepal / Insurance company

### NEPAL 11.2022



	EXPECTED IMPACTS	<ul> <li>Increased resilience of smallholder farmers against climate and disaster risk</li> <li>Strengthened capacities of local authorities to</li> </ul>
		enhance their local disaster and climate resili- ence plans and policies
\$	EXPECTED BENEFICIARIES <sup>1</sup>	267,000 by 2025 (100 % poor and vulnerable)
1	IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD	24/03/2021 – 21/04/2023

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,{\rm Based}$  on submission documents requiring use of IGP M&E Methodology.